

HERITAGE CANNABIS HOLDINGS CORP. (formerly Umbral Energy Corp.)

Annual Consolidated Financial Statements

Years ended October 31, 2018 and 2017 (Stated in Canadian Dollars)

Heritage Cannabis Holdings Corp. (formerly Umbral Energy Corp.)

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	Page
Independent Auditor's Report	3
Consolidated Statements of Financial Position	4
Consolidated Statements of (Loss) Income and Comprehensive (Loss) Income	5
Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity	6
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows	7
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	8 – 37



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Shareholders of Heritage Cannabis Holdings Corp. (formerly Umbral Energy Corp.)

Report on the consolidated financial statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Heritage Cannabis Holdings Corp. (formerly Umbral Energy Corp.), which comprise the consolidated statements of financial position as at October 31, 2018 and 2017 and the consolidated statements of (loss) income and comprehensive (loss) income, changes in equity, and cash flows for the years then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's responsibility for the consolidated financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained in our audits is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, these consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Heritage Cannabis Holdings Corp. as at October 31, 2018 and 2017 and its financial performance and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Emphasis of matter

Without qualifying our opinion, we draw attention to Note 1 in the consolidated financial statements which describes matters and conditions that indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Vancouver, Canada

"Morgan & Company LLP"

February 27, 2019

Chartered Professional Accountants





Heritage Cannabis Holdings Corp. (formerly Umbral Energy Corp.) Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

(Stated in Canadian Dollars)

AS AT OCT 2018			2017
\$		\$	1,647,78
			35,927
	339,693		113,807
	4 500 045		97,500
	1,793,217		1,895,015
	250,000		
			5,067,000
	5,589,019		1,114,330
\$	12,699,236	\$	8,076,345
\$	656,873	\$	328,150
	-		69,927
	55,458		•
	712,331		398,077
	21,598,702		11,420,360
	2,190,551		1,063,882
	55,000		
	-		380,000
	(12,760,850)		(6,330,157
	11,083,403		6,534,085
	903,502		1,144,183
	11,986,905		7,678,268
\$	12,699,236	\$	8,076,345
	\$	\$ 1,174,600 278,924 339,693 	\$ 1,174,600 \$ 278,924 339,693

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

"Debra Senger"

Director

"Clint Sharples, CEO"

Director

Heritage Cannabis Holdings Corp. (formerly Umbral Energy Corp.) Consolidated Statements of (Loss) Income and Comprehensive (Loss) Income (Stated in Canadian Dollars)

	Y	EARS ENDED	00	2017
General and Administrative Expenses				
Advertising, travel and promotion	\$	83,495	\$	113,862
Amortization	•	9,561	Ψ	1,195
Consulting fees (Note 13)		1,165,856		567,988
Management fees (Note 13)		200,000		115,890
Office expense and miscellaneous		215,544		35,723
Professional fees		310,132		80,870
Regulatory fees		26,064		10,393
Shareholder communications		59,377		21,906
Stock based compensation (Note 13)		4,652,116		1,080,207
Transfer agent and shareholder information		34,906		17,681
Wages and benefits		77,211		-
Total general and administrative expenses		(6,834,262)		(2,045,715)
Other Items				
Equity loss on investment in joint venture (Note 10)		_		(71,044)
Gain on step acquisition (Note 4)		_		2,211,000
Loss on sale of mineral properties (Note 11)		_		(68,827)
Gain on write-off of debt (note 16)		109,238		(00,02.7)
Gain/(loss) on sale of investment (Note 6)		53,650		(3,880)
Total Other Items		162,888		2,067,249
		•		, ,
Net (Loss) Income and Comprehensive (Loss) Income For the Year	\$	(6,671,374)	\$	21,534
1 eai	Ψ	(0,071,374)	Ψ	21,004
Net Income (Loss) and Comprehensive Income (Loss) For the Year attributed to:				
Shareholders of the Company	\$	(6,430,693)	\$	42,351
Non-Controlling Interest		(240,681)		(20,817)
Total (Loss) Income and Comprehensive (Loss) Income for the				
Year	\$	(6,671,374)	\$	21,534
Basic and Diluted Earnings (Loss) Per Share (Note 12)	\$	(0.04)	\$	0.00
Weighted Assessed Newsberg Of Observe Outstanding Deci-		407 750 000		00.050.000
Weighted Average Number Of Shares Outstanding – Basic		167,750,236		82,956,690
Weighted Average Number Of Shares Outstanding – Diluted		167,750,236		83,708,537

Heritage Cannabis Holdings Corp. (formerly Umbral Energy Corp.) Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity

(Stated in Canadian Dollars)

Years Ended October 31, 2018 and 2017

	SHAR!	E C	APITAL AMOUNT	IARE-BASED PAYMENT RESERVE	SI	SHARE JBSCRIPTIONS		NON- CONTROLLING DEFICIT INTEREST			DEFICIT		ONTROLLING	TOTAL
Balance, October 31, 2016	63,342,146	\$	6,067,501	\$ 674,170	\$	-	\$	(6,372,508)	\$	-	\$ 369,163			
Issued for cash	42 700 000		2 622 000								2 622 000			
Non-brokered private placement	43,700,000		2,622,000	(000.076)		-		-		-	2,622,000			
Share options exercised	13,030,000		1,772,576	(890,076)		-		-		-	882,500			
Warrants exercised	7,702,951		482,321	400 500		-		-		-	482,321			
Share issue costs	-		(301,538)	199,580		-		-		-	(101,958)			
Shares issued for acquisition	7,000,000		665,000	-		-		-		1,165,000	1,830,000			
Shares issued for mineral property	1,500,000		112,500	-		-		-		-	112,500			
Stock based compensation – options granted	-		-	935,402		-		-		-	935,402			
Stock based compensation – RSU's granted	-		-	144,806		-		-		-	144,806			
Shares subscribed/reserved for issuance (Note 12)) -		-	-		380,000		-		-	380,000			
Net income (loss) for the year			-	-		-		42,351		(20,817)	21,534			
Balance, October 31, 2017 Issued shares for cash	136,275,097		11,420,360	1,063,882		380,000		(6,330,157)		1,144,183	7,678,268			
Share options exercised	8,559,000		2,978,287	(1,481,927)		-		-		_	1,496,360			
Warrants exercised	49,085,353		5,000,055	(223,520)		-		-		-	4,776,535			
Shares issued for acquisition	4,000,000		380,000			(380,000)		-		-	-			
RSUs vested	6,000,000		1,820,000	(1,820,000)		-		-		-	-			
Shares subscriptions	-		-	-		55,000		_		_	55,000			
Stock based compensation – options granted	_		_	2,976,922		, <u>-</u>		_		_	2,976,922			
Stock based compensation – RSU's granted	_		_	1,675,194		_		_		_	1,675,194			
Net (loss) for the year			-	-		-		(6,430,693)		(240,681)	(6,671,374)			
Balance, October 31, 2018	203,919,450	\$	21,598,702	\$ 2,190,551	\$	55,000	\$ (12,760,850)	\$	903,502	\$ 11,986,905			

(formerly Umbral Energy Corp.)

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(Stated in Canadian Dollars)

	YEARS ENDER 2018	00	2017
Operating Activities			
Net (loss) income for the year	\$ (6,671,374)	\$	21,534
Adjustments for non-cash expenses and income			
Amortization	9,561		1,195
Gain on fair value revaluation of equity investment	-		(2,211,000)
Gain (loss) on sale of marketable securities	(53,650)		3,880
Gain on write-off of debt	(109,238)		
Loss on investment in joint venture	-		71,044
Loss on sale of exploration and evaluation properties	-		68,827
Stock based compensation	4,652,116		1,080,207
Changes in non-cash operating assets and liabilities	, ,		, ,
GST receivable	(242,997)		(12,877)
Prepaid expenses and deposits	(225,886)		(17,576)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	368,034		(24,234)
Due to related parties	55,458		(102,278)
Cash Used In Operating Activities	(2,217,976)		(1,121,278)
Investing Activities Acquisition of property, building and equipment Acquisition of controlling interest, net of cash acquired	(4,484,250)		(1,190,242) (99,262)
Proceeds from sale of marketable securities	151,150		48,620
Deposit (Note 7)	(250,000)		-
Proceeds from sale of mineral properties	-		50,000
Mineral property acquisition and exploration costs	-		(9,977)
Cash Used In Investing Activities	(4,583,100)		(1,200,861)
Financing Activities			
Share capital proceeds, net of share issuance costs	6,272,895		3,884,863
Share subscriptions	55,000		-
Cash Provided By Financing Activities	6,327,895		3,884,863
Net Change In Cash	(473,181)		1,562,724
Cash, Beginning Of Year	1,647,781		85,057
Cash, End Of Year	\$ 1,174,600	\$	1,647,781
Supplementary Information		_	
Cash paid for interest	\$ -	\$	-
Cash paid for income taxes	\$ -	\$	-

Non-cash Investing and Financing Transactions (Note 15)

(formerly Umbral Energy Corp.)
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
Years Ended October 31, 2018 and 2017

(Stated in Canadian Dollars)

1. Nature of Operations and Going Concern

Heritage Cannabis Holdings Corp. (formerly Umbral Energy Corp.) ("the Company") is a development stage public company whose common shares trade on the Canadian Securities Exchange under the symbol "CANN". The Company was incorporated on October 25, 2007 in British Columbia, Canada, under the Business Corporations Act and commenced operations on November 1, 2007. On January 9, 2018, the Company changed its name to Heritage Cannabis Holdings Corp. The head office and principal address of the Company is 929 Mainland Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada V6C 2B3 and the registered and records office of the Company is located at Suite 1500-1055 West Georgia St., Vancouver, B.C., V6E 4N7.

The Company is focused on becoming a vertically integrated cannabis producer which received its cultivation license during the year ended October 31, 2018 under Health Canada Cannabis Regulations (formerly Access to Cannabis for Medical Purposes ("ACMPR")) through its interest in PhyeinMed Inc., a 75% owned subsidiary in the Company

Although the Company has started to invest resources for a marijuana cultivation business, and was awarded a license, the Company does not yet have cash flow from operations, as such it must rely on equity financing to fund operations. To date the Company's main source of funding has been the issuance of equity securities for cash, through private placements to sophisticated investors and through public offering to institutional investors. The Company has historically raised operating capital from the sale of equity, and will continue to do so.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the basis of accounting principles applicable to a going concern. This assumes the Company will operate for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of operations. The Company has incurred operating losses since inception, does not have positive operating cash flow, and there can be no assurances that sufficient funding, including adequate financing, will be available to develop its business plans and to cover general and administrative expenses necessary for the maintenance of a public company. The ability of the Company to arrange additional financing in the future depends in part, on the prevailing capital market conditions. These factors may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Accordingly, the consolidated financial statements do not give effect to adjustments that would be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern and therefore be required to realize its assets and liquidate its liabilities, contingent obligations and commitments other than in the normal course of business and at amounts different from those in these consolidated financial statements.

2. Basis of Presentation

a) Statement of Compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared using accounting policies in compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and interpretations of the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC") applicable to the preparation of these consolidated financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on February 27, 2019.

(formerly Umbral Energy Corp.)
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
Years Ended October 31, 2018 and 2017

(Stated in Canadian Dollars)

2. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

b) Basis of Measurement

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments that have been measured at fair value.

In the opinion of management, all adjustments (including normal recurring accruals), considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is also the Company's functional currency.

c) Critical Accounting Judgments and Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments and estimates that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of expenses during the reporting period. Actual outcomes could differ from these estimates. The consolidated financial statements include estimates which, by their nature, are uncertain. The impacts of such estimates are pervasive throughout the consolidated financial statements, and may require accounting adjustments based on future occurrences. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised and may affect both the period of revision and future periods.

Information about critical accounting judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant risk of causing material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities recognized in the consolidated financial statements within the next financial year are discussed below:

i) Share-based payment transactions

The Company measures the cost of equity-settled transactions with employees by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the date at which they are granted. Estimating fair value for share-based payment transactions requires determining the most appropriate valuation model, which is dependent on the terms and conditions of the grant. This estimate also requires determining the most appropriate inputs to the valuation model including the expected life of the share option, volatility and dividend yield and making assumptions about them. The assumptions and models used for estimating fair value for share-based payment transactions are disclosed in Note 12.

ii) Business combinations

In a business combination, the Company may acquire assets and assume certain liabilities of an acquired entity. Judgement is used in determining whether an acquisition is a business combination or an asset acquisition. Estimates are made as to the fair value of property and equipment, intangible assets, and goodwill, among other items. In certain circumstances, such as the valuation of property and equipment, intangible assets and goodwill acquired, the Company may rely on independent third-party valuators. The determination of these fair values involves a variety of assumptions, include revenue growth rates, expected operating income, discount rates, and earnings multiples.

(formerly Umbral Energy Corp.)
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
Years Ended October 31, 2018 and 2017

(Stated in Canadian Dollars)

2. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

- c) Critical Accounting Judgments and Estimates (continued)
 - ii) Business combinations (continued)

The Company measures all the assets acquired and liabilities assumed at their acquisition-date fair values. Non-controlling interests in the acquiree are measured on the basis of the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of this equity in the acquirer's identifiable net assets. Acquisition-related costs are recognized as expenses in the periods in which the costs are incurred and the services are received (except for the costs to issue debt or equity securities which are recognized according to specific requirements.) The excess of the aggregate of (a) the consideration transferred to obtain control, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree over (b) the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed, is recognized as goodwill as of the acquisition date.

iii) Flow-through share provision

Flow-through share provisions are comprised of the Company's various tax penalties and indemnification liabilities relating to the deficiencies in incurring the required amount of qualifying exploration expenditures related to past flow-through share issuances on a timely basis. The Company may also be required to indemnify the holders of such shares for any tax and other costs payable by them in the event the Company has not made exploration expenditures. Flow-through share provisions have been created based on internal estimates of the maximum penalties and indemnification liabilities the Company could be subject to.

Assumptions, based on the current tax regulations, have been made which management believes are a reasonable basis upon which to estimate the future liability. These estimates take into account any material changes to the assumptions that occur when reviewed regularly by management.

iv) Estimated useful lives and depreciation of property, buildings and equipment and intangible assets

Depreciation and amortization of property, buildings and equipment and intangible assets are dependent upon estimates of useful lives and when the asset is available for use, which are determined through the exercise of judgment. The assessment of any impairment of these assets is dependent upon estimates of recoverable amounts that consider factors such as economic and market conditions and the useful lives of assets.

v) Impairment of property, buildings and equipment and intangible assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its long-lived assets to determine whether there is any indication that the carrying amount is not recoverable. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). When an individual asset does not generate independent cash flows, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or groups of assets. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

(formerly Umbral Energy Corp.)
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
Years Ended October 31, 2018 and 2017

(Stated in Canadian Dollars)

2. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

- c) Critical Accounting Judgments and Estimates (continued)
 - v) Impairment of property, buildings and equipment and intangible assets (continued)

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. Fair value is determined as the price that would be received to sell an asset in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

3. Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all years presented in these consolidated financial statements.

a) Basis of Consolidation

These consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiaries, 1005477 B.C. Ltd. and Umbral Energy LLC (Washington State) and a 75% interest in PhyeinMed Inc. and its wholly owned subsidiary, Mainstream Market Ltd., a British Columbia company. The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared using consistent accounting policies and reporting dates of the Company. All inter-company transactions and balances are eliminated on consolidation.

Investments in joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method. Under this method, the Company's share of the investment's earnings or losses is included in the statement of comprehensive loss and the carrying amount of the investment is adjusted by this amount.

b) Business Combinations

Acquisitions of businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred in a business combination is measured at fair value, which is calculated as the sum of the acquisition date fair values of the assets transferred by the Company, liabilities incurred by the Company to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Company in exchange for control of the acquiree. Acquisition related costs are generally recognized in profit or loss as incurred. At the acquisition date, the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed are recognized at their fair value.

Goodwill is measured as the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree, and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree over the net of the acquisition date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed. If, after reassessment, the net of the acquisition date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed exceeds the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held interest in the acquiree (if any), the excess is recognized immediately in profit or loss as a bargain purchase gain.

(formerly Umbral Energy Corp.)
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
Years Ended October 31, 2018 and 2017

(Stated in Canadian Dollars)

3. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

b) Business Combinations (continued)

Non-controlling interests that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation may be initially measured either at fair value or at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the recognized amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. The choice of measurement basis is made on a transaction-by-transaction basis. Other types of non-controlling interests are measured at fair value or, when applicable, on the basis specified in another IFRS.

When the consideration transferred by the Company in a business combination includes assets or liabilities resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement, the contingent consideration is measured at its acquisition date fair value and included as part of the consideration transferred in a business combination. Changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration that qualify as measurement period adjustments are adjusted retrospectively, with corresponding adjustments against goodwill. Measurement period adjustments are adjustments that arise from additional information obtained during the 'measurement period' (which cannot exceed one year from the acquisition date) about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date.

The subsequent accounting for changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration that do not qualify as measurement period adjustments depends on how the contingent consideration is classified. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured at subsequent reporting dates and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity. Other contingent consideration is remeasured to fair value at subsequent reporting dates with changes in fair value recognized in profit or loss.

When a business combination is achieved in stages, the Company's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to its acquisition date fair value and the resulting gain or loss, if any, is recognized in profit or loss. Amounts arising from interests in the acquiree prior to the acquisition date that have previously been recognized in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss where such treatment would be appropriate if that interest were disposed of.

If the initial accounting for a business combination is incomplete by the end of the reporting period in which the combination occurs, the Company reports provisional amounts for the items for which the accounting is incomplete. Those provisional amounts are adjusted during the measurement period, or additional assets or liabilities are recognized, to reflect additional information obtained about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date that, if known, would have affected the amounts recognized at that date.

c) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash includes cash on hand and demand deposits. Cash equivalents comprise short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash which are subject to insignificant risk of change and have maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition, held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments rather than for investing or other purposes. The Company had no cash equivalents at October 31, 2018 and 2017.

d) Investment in Joint Ventures

A joint venture is a joint arrangement whereby the partners that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the arrangement. Investments in a joint venture are accounted for using the equity method and are initially recognized at cost. The entire carrying amount of the investment is tested for impairment annually.

(formerly Umbral Energy Corp.)
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
Years Ended October 31, 2018 and 2017

(Stated in Canadian Dollars)

3. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

e) Intangible Assets

Intangible assets with finite useful lives that are acquired separately are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses. Amortization is recognized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives.

Health Canada Cultivation License 20 years

The estimated useful life and amortization method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives that are acquired separately are carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

Intangible assets acquired in a business combination and recognized separately from goodwill are initially recognized at their fair value at the acquisition date (which is regarded as their cost). Subsequent to initial recognition, intangible assets acquired in a business combination are reported at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, on the same basis as intangible assets that are acquired separately.

f) Property and Building

Property and building are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on a straight-line basis, using a half year of depreciation in the year the asset becomes available for use, over the following terms:

Building and improvements 20-40 years
Greenhouse and improvements 20-25 years
Equipment 10 years

An asset's residual value, useful life and depreciation method are reviewed during each financial year and adjusted if appropriate. When parts of an item of equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property and building.

Gains and losses on disposal of an item are determined by comparing the proceeds from disposal with the carrying amount of the item and recognized in profit or loss.

g) Exploration and Evaluation Assets

Pre-exploration costs

Pre-exploration costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

(formerly Umbral Energy Corp.)
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
Years Ended October 31, 2018 and 2017

(Stated in Canadian Dollars)

3. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

g) Exploration and Evaluation Assets (Continued)

Exploration and evaluation costs

Once the legal right to explore a property has been acquired, exploration and evaluation expenditures are recognized and capitalized in addition to the acquisition costs. Exploration costs are capitalized on an individual prospect basis until such time as an economic ore body is defined or the prospect is abandoned. Once the technical feasibility and commercial viability of extraction of the mineral resources has been determined, the property is considered to be a property under development and is reclassified as such. Accordingly, costs for a producing prospect are amortized on a unit-of-production method based on the estimated life of the ore reserves, while those costs for prospects abandoned are written off.

On an annual basis or when impairment indicators arise, the Company evaluates the future recoverability of its exploration and evaluation costs. Impairment losses or write-downs are recorded in the event the carrying amount of such assets exceeds the recoverable amount indicated in the future cash flows attributable to such assets.

The recoverability of the amounts capitalized for the undeveloped exploration and evaluation assets is dependent upon the determination of economically recoverable ore reserves, confirmation of the Company's interest in the underlying mineral claims, the ability to obtain the necessary financing to complete their development, and future profitable production or proceeds from the disposition thereof. Title to mineral properties involves certain inherent risks due to the difficulties of determining the validity of certain claims as well as the potential for problems arising from the frequently ambiguous conveyance history characteristic of many mineral properties. The Company has investigated title to its exploration and evaluation assets and, to the best of its knowledge, the title to its properties is in good standing.

h) Impairment of Non-financial Assets

Impairment tests on intangible assets with indefinite useful economic lives are undertaken annually at the financial year-end. Other non-financial assets, including exploration and evaluation assets are subject to impairment tests whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amount may not be recoverable. Where the carrying value of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of value in use and fair value less costs to sell, the asset is written down accordingly.

(formerly Umbral Energy Corp.)
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
Years Ended October 31, 2018 and 2017

(Stated in Canadian Dollars)

3. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

h) Impairment of Non-financial Assets (continued)

Where it is possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the impairment test is carried out on the asset's cash-generating unit, which is the lowest group of assets in which the asset belongs for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets. Each of the Company's exploration and evaluation properties is considered to be a cash-generating unit for which impairment testing is performed.

Where an indicator of impairment exists, an estimate of the recoverable amount is made. Determining the recoverable amount requires the use of estimates and assumptions such as long-term commodity prices, discount rates, future capital requirements, exploration potential and operating performance. Changes in circumstances may affect these estimates and the recoverable amount.

An impairment loss is recognized in the statement of operations, except to the extent they reverse gains previously recognized in other comprehensive income or loss.

i) Impairment of Financial Assets

At each reporting date the Company assesses whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of assets is impaired. A financial asset or group of financial assets is deemed to be impaired, if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset and that event has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets.

j) Income Taxes

Income tax expense is comprised of current and deferred tax. Current and deferred income tax is recognized in the statement of comprehensive loss except to the extent that it relates to a business combination or items recognized directly in equity or other comprehensive income, in which case the income tax is also recognized directly in equity or other comprehensive income. Current income taxes are the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted, or substantively enacted, at the end of the reporting period, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized in respect of all qualifying temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. Deferred income tax is determined on a non-discounted basis using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the financial position date and are expected to apply when the deferred tax asset or liability is settled. Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the asset can be utilized.

At the end of each reporting period the Company reassesses unrecognized deferred tax assets. The Company recognizes a previously unrecognized deferred tax asset to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are presented as non-current.

(formerly Umbral Energy Corp.)
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
Years Ended October 31, 2018 and 2017

(Stated in Canadian Dollars)

3. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

k) Share Capital

Financial instruments issued by the Company are classified as equity only to the extent that they do not meet the definition of a financial liability or financial asset. The Company's common shares, share warrants and flow-through shares are classified as equity instruments.

Proceeds from the issue of units, consisting of common shares and share purchase warrants, are first allocated to common shares based on the quoted market value of the common shares at the time the units are priced, and the balance, if any, is allocated to the attached warrants. Broker warrants are compensation warrants issued to the brokers involved in the Company's financing efforts. Fair value is calculated at the grant date using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, with management's assumptions. Share issue costs are netted against share proceeds.

I) Share-based Payments

Equity-settled share-based payments for directors, officers and employees are measured at fair value at the date of grant and recorded as compensation expense in the consolidated financial statements. The fair value determined at the grant date of the equity-settled share-based payments is expensed using the graded vesting method over the vesting period based on the Company's estimate of shares that will eventually vest. Where the terms and conditions of options are modified before they vest, the increase in the fair value of the options, measured immediately before and after the modification, is also charged to the statement of comprehensive loss over the remaining vesting period.

Compensation expense on stock options and restricted share units granted to non-employees is measured at the earlier of the completion of performance and the date the options are vested using the fair value method and is recorded as an expense in the same period as if the Company had paid cash for the goods or services received.

When the value of goods or services received in exchange for the share-based payment cannot be reliably estimated, the fair value is measured by use of a Black-Scholes valuation model. The expected life used in the model is adjusted, based on management's best estimate, for the effects of non-transferability, exercise restrictions, and behavioral considerations.

All equity-settled share-based payments are reflected in share-based payment reserves, until exercised. Upon exercise, shares are issued from treasury and the amount reflected in share-based payment reserves is credited to share capital along with any consideration paid.

Where a grant of options or restricted share units is cancelled or settled during the vesting period, excluding forfeitures when vesting conditions are not satisfied, the Company immediately accounts for the cancellation as an acceleration of vesting and recognizes the amount that otherwise would have been recognized for services received over the remainder of the vesting period. Any payment made to the employee on the cancellation is accounted for as the repurchase of an equity interest except to the extent the payment exceeds the fair value of the equity instrument granted, measured at the repurchase date. Any such excess is recognized as an expense.

(formerly Umbral Energy Corp.)
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
Years Ended October 31, 2018 and 2017

(Stated in Canadian Dollars)

3. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

m) Provisions

Decommissioning Liabilities

The Company recognizes liabilities for statutory, contractual, constructive or legal obligations associated with the retirement of tangible long-lived assets, when those obligations result from the acquisition, construction, development or normal operation of the assets. The net present value of future rehabilitation cost estimates is capitalized to the amount of the related asset along with a corresponding increase in the rehabilitation provision in the period incurred. Discount rates using a pre-tax rate that reflect the time value of money are used to calculate the net present value. The rehabilitation asset is depreciated on the same basis as the related asset. The liability is progressively increased each period as the effect of the discounting unwinds, creating an expense recognition in the statement of comprehensive loss.

The Company's estimates of reclamation costs could change as a result of changes in regulatory requirements and assumptions regarding the amount and timing of the future expenditures. These changes are recorded directly to the related asset with a corresponding entry to the rehabilitation provision.

The Company's estimates are reviewed at each reporting date for changes in regulatory requirements, effects of inflation and changes in estimates. Changes in the net present value, excluding changes in the Company's estimates of reclamation costs, are charged to the statement of comprehensive loss for the period. As at October 31, 2018 and 2017, the Company is not aware of any reclamation costs and no amounts have been recorded.

Provisions for Liabilities and Charges

Provisions are recognized for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount that have arisen as a result of past transactions, including legal or constructive obligations. The provision is measured at the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the obligation at the reporting date.

n) Basic and Diluted (Loss) Earnings per Share

Basic (loss) earnings per share is computed by dividing the net (loss) earnings for the year by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the relevant year. Diluted (loss) earnings per common share is computed by dividing the net income or loss applicable to common shares by the sum of the weighted average number of common shares issued and outstanding and all additional common shares that would have been outstanding, if potentially dilutive instruments were converted. In a loss year, potentially dilutive common shares are excluded from the loss per share calculation as the effect would be anti-dilutive.

o) Financial Instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets are derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the assets have expired or have been transferred and the Company has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the consolidated statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(formerly Umbral Energy Corp.)
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
Years Ended October 31, 2018 and 2017

(Stated in Canadian Dollars)

3. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

o) Financial Instruments (continued)

At initial recognition, the Company classifies its financial assets in the following categories depending on the purpose for which the instruments were acquired.

Financial assets are classified into one of four categories: Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"), Held-to-maturity investments, available for sale ("AFS") financial assets and loans and receivable.

Available-for-sale financial instruments are measured at fair value with changes in fair value recorded in other comprehensive income or loss until the instrument is derecognized or impaired. The Company has designated its investments in marketable securities as available-for-sale securities and reports them at fair value. The amounts by which fair values of these securities differ from written down cost represent unrealized gains and losses and are recognized in other comprehensive income (loss). All realized gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss in the period of disposition.

The Company has classified cash and cash equivalents as loans and receivable.

At each reporting date, the Company assesses whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset is impaired. Financial assets are impaired when one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset have been impacted.

For financial assets carried at amortized cost, the amount of the impairment is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

The carrying amount of all financial assets, excluding trade receivables, is directly reduced by the impairment loss. The carrying amount of a trade receivable is reduced through the use of an allowance. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognized in the statement of comprehensive loss.

Impairment losses on loans and receivables carried at amortized cost are reversed in subsequent periods if the amount of the loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognized. Impairment losses on available-for-sale equity instruments are not reversed.

Financial liabilities within the scope of IAS 39 are classified as financial liabilities at FVTPL, or other financial liabilities, as appropriate. The Company determines the classification of its financial liabilities at initial recognition. All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value.

The Company's financial liabilities include accounts payables and accrued liabilities and amounts due to related parties. Subsequent to initial recognition, financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

(formerly Umbral Energy Corp.)
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
Years Ended October 31, 2018 and 2017

(Stated in Canadian Dollars)

3. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

p) Accounting Standards Issued But Not Yet Applied

Standards issued but not yet effective up to the date of issuance of the Company's consolidated financial statements are listed below. This listing is of standards and interpretations issued which the Company reasonably expects to be applicable at a future date.

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments

IFRS 9, Financial instruments ("IFRS 9"), amends some of the requirements of IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures, including added disclosures about investments in equity instruments measured at fair value in Other Comprehensive Income ("OCI"), and guidance on financial liabilities and de-recognition of financial instruments. In July 2013, the IASB tentatively decided to defer the mandatory effective date of IFRS 9. IFRS 9 is applicable for periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018. The Company has not yet assessed the impact of the standard.

4. Business Combination

On December 9, 2014, the Company entered into a share exchange agreement for the acquisition of all the issued and outstanding shares of 1005477 B.C. Ltd., a holding company which owns 50% of the issued and outstanding common shares of PhyeinMed Inc. ("PhyeinMed"), an operating company incorporated in British Columbia which had submitted an application to Health Canada for a Marihuana for Medical Purposes Regulations license. Management had determined that the 50% interest in PhyeinMed was a joint venture under IFRS 11. Consequently, the investment in the joint venture was accounted for using the equity method.

On August 18, 2017 the Company acquired an additional 25% of the issued and outstanding common shares of PhyeinMed, through its wholly owned subsidiary 1005477 BC Ltd., which resulted in the Company obtaining control of PhyeinMed. The transaction was accounted for as a business combination achieved in stages in accordance with IFRS 3. The Company is considered the acquirer and PhyeinMed the acquiree.

During the year ended October 31, 2017, as consideration for the acquisition, the Company paid \$120,000 cash and issued 7,000,000 common shares of the Company with a fair value of \$665,000 (based on the Company's closing share price on the closing date).

During the year ended October 31, 2018, a further 4,000,000 common shares of the Company were transferred upon the issuance of a Health Canada Cultivation License (Note 12), these shares had a fair value measured at the acquisition date of \$380,000 (based on the Company's closing share price on the closing date).

In connection with the acquisition the Company also issued 2,000,000 stock options and 4,000,000 restricted stock units (RSU's) to the former owner of PhyeinMed and consultants (Note 12). These awards were considered separate transactions and therefore were excluded from the business combination transaction.

(formerly Umbral Energy Corp.)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Years Ended October 31, 2018 and 2017

(Stated in Canadian Dollars)

4. Business Combination (Continued)

As the transaction was accounted for as a business combination achieved in stages, on acquiring control of PhyeinMed, the Company revalued its previously held equity interest in PhyeinMed at the fair value on the date of control and recognized a gain on step acquisition.

Determination of the gain was as follows:

Fair value of 50% equity interest on August 18, 2017, prior to control	\$ 2,329,611
Carrying value of 50% equity interest prior to control (Note 10)	118,611
Gain on step acquisition	\$ 2,211,000

The following table summarizes the provisional fair values of the identifiable assets and liabilities at the date of the acquisition:

Net Assets Acquired		
Cash	\$	20,738
GST Receivable		20,141
Property and Equipment		6,449
Intangible asset (i)		5,067,000
Accounts Payable		(40,247)
Advances payable		(414,470)
Total Purchase Price	\$	4,659,611
Summary of Purchase Consideration		
Cash	\$	120,000
7,000,000 common shares	·	665,000
4,000,000 shares issuable for License		380,000
Fair value of 50% equity interest		2,329,611
Non-controlling interest		1,165,000
<u> </u>	\$	4,659,611

⁽i) Excess consideration over net assets acquired allocated to Cultivation License under Cannabis Regulations (formerly ACMPR).

The net cash outflow on acquisition was \$99,262 (\$120,000 consideration paid in cash, less \$20,738 cash acquired).

PhyeinMed Inc. did not have any revenue and incurred a net loss of \$83,269 from the date of the acquisition to October 31, 2017.

(formerly Umbral Energy Corp.)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Years Ended October 31, 2018 and 2017

(Stated in Canadian Dollars)

5. Prepaid Expenses and Deposits

The Company's current prepaid expenses and deposits consist mainly of ACMPR growing, marketing and distribution consulting fees paid in advance of services.

	October 31, 2018	October 31, 2017
ACMPR growing, marketing and distribution consulting fees	\$ -	\$ 97,917
Advertising and marketing	61,973	-
Investor relations	14,000	-
Clearview, Ontario property deposit	130,000	-
Calgary, Alberta retail lease deposit	12,000	-
Insurance	16,413	-
Shaw fibre optic deposit	50,000	-
Construction deposit	13,093	-
Supplies	29,393	
Others	 12,821	15,890
	\$ 339,693	\$ 113,807

Subsequent to October 31, 2018, the Company was refunded \$130,000 for the Clearview, ON property deposit and \$50,000 for the Shaw fibre optic deposit.

6. Marketable Securities

During the year ended October 31, 2017, the Company received 2,000,000 common shares of Equitorial Exploration Corp. ("Equitorial") in accordance with the assignment agreement of the Tule Valley and Gerlach Projects (Note 11). As at October 31, 2017, the Company held 1,300,000 common shares of Equitorial with a fair market value of \$97,500. During the year ended October 31, 2018, the Company sold 1,300,000 common shares for net proceeds of \$151,150 resulting in a realized gain of \$53,650.

7. Deposit

During the year ended October 31, 2018, the Company signed a Letter of Intent ("LOI") to acquire 20% of the issued and outstanding shares of Stanley Park Digital Ltd. ("SPD"), a blockchain developer based in Vancouver, British Columbia.

Pursuant to the terms of the LOI, the purchase price is \$500,000, of which \$250,000 is to be paid in cash while the additional \$250,000 is to be paid via the issuance of 833,333 common shares of the Company upon completion of a definitive share purchase agreement.

As at October 31, 2018, \$250,000 cash has been advanced to SPD in relation to the LOI, the amount is non-refundable. A definitive share purchase agreement has yet to be completed and therefore no common shares of the Company have been transferred.

(formerly Umbral Energy Corp.)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Years Ended October 31, 2018 and 2017

(Stated in Canadian Dollars)

8. Intangible Asset

	License Acquisition Costs				
Cost	•				
As October 31, 2016	\$	-			
Acquired through business combination (Note 4)		5,067,000			
As at October 31, 2017 and 2018		5,067,000			
Amortization As at October 31, 2016 Additions		<u>-</u>			
As at October 31, 2017 and 2018		-			
Net Book Value as at October 31, 2017		5,067,000			
Net Book Value as at October 31, 2018	\$	5,067,000			

During the year ended October 31, 2018, Health Canada awarded PhyeinMed a cultivation license under the Cannabis Regulations. The Company has assessed that the license has an estimated useful life equal to the remaining useful life of the corresponding facility. At October 31, 2018, PhyeinMed's facility, estimated to have a remaining useful life of twenty years, was not yet available for use. Accordingly, the Company has not recorded any amortization in connection with the license.

9. Property, Building and Equipment

	E	Equipment	Buildings	Land	Total
Cost					
As October 31, 2016	\$	-	\$ -	\$ _	\$ -
Additions		-	854,076	255,000	1,109,076
Acquired through business combination		-	6,449		6,449
As at October 31, 2017		-	860,525	255,000	1,115,525
Additions		519,942	3,964,308	-	4,484,250
October 31, 2018		519,942	4,824,833	255,000	5,599,775
Amortization As at October 31, 2016 Additions		-	- 1,195	-	- 1,195
As at October 31, 2017		-	1,195	-	1,195
Additions		-	9,561	-	9,561
October 31, 2018		-	10,756	-	10,756
Net Book Value as at October 31, 2017		-	859,330	255,000	1,114,330
Net Book Value as at October 31, 2018	\$	519,942	\$ 4,814,077	255,000	\$ 5,589,019

Included in building and equipment are additions for the year ended October 31, 2018, of \$3,964,308 and \$519,942 respectively related to the Company's production facilities. As at October 31, 2018, the Company's production facilities included aggregate costs of \$5,153,549 (2017 - \$669,299) which were not available for use and therefore no amortization has been recorded in connection with these assets.

(formerly Umbral Energy Corp.)
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
Years Ended October 31, 2018 and 2017

(Stated in Canadian Dollars)

10. Investment in Joint Venture and Advances

Prior to obtaining control of PhyeinMed, management determined that the 50% interest in PhyeinMed was a joint venture under IFRS 11 as the Company's management had joint control over strategic, financial, permitting, development or operating decisions of PhyeinMed. The investment in the joint venture was accounted for using the equity method.

The continuity of the investment of the joint venture and advances is as follows:

	Octo	ended ber 31, 018	eriod ended August 18, 2017
Equity investment balance, beginning of the year Equity loss on investment in joint venture	\$	-	\$ 189,654 (71,043)
Equity investment balance, end of the year		-	118,611
Advances to joint venture		-	414,470
Elimination on acquisition of control Balance, end of the year	\$	-	\$ (533,081)

(formerly Umbral Energy Corp.)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Years Ended October 31, 2018 and 2017

(Stated in Canadian Dollars)

10. Investment in Joint Venture and Advances (Continued)

Summary financial information of the investment of the joint venture is as follows:

Statements of Financial Position	Octob	s at ber 31,)18	As at August 18, 2017				
Total Assets	\$	-	\$	47,302			
Current Liabilities Due to related parties Shareholders' Deficiency		- - -		40,247 414,481 (407,426)			
Total liabilities and shareholders' deficiency	\$	-	\$	47,302			
Statements of Comprehensive Loss	Octob	ended ber 31,)18		eriod ended August 18, 2017			
Expenses	\$	-	\$	142,087			
Comprehensive loss for the period	\$	-	\$	142,087			
Statements of Cash Flow	Octob	ended ber 31,)18		eriod ended August 18, 2017			
Comprehensive loss for the period Changes in non-cash operating assets and liabilities GST receivable Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	- - -	\$	(142,087) (6,710) 5,738			
Cash Used in Operating Activities Cash Used in Investing Activities Cash Provided by Financing Activities		- - -		(143,059) (6,449) 170,246			
Change In Cash		-		20,738			
Cash, Beginning Of Period		-					
Cash, End Of Period	\$	-	\$	20,738			

(formerly Umbral Energy Corp.)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Years Ended October 31, 2018 and 2017

(Stated in Canadian Dollars)

11. Exploration and Evaluation Assets

	Year ended October 31, 2018		Year ended October 31, 2017		
Acquisition Costs: Balance, beginning of year Cash payment Shares issued	\$ - - -	\$	112,500 100,000 112,500		
Balance, end of year	 <u>-</u>		325,000		
Exploration Costs: Balance, beginning of year Claim fees Geological consulting, surveys and reports	- - -		33,850 52,226 2,663		
Balance, end of year	 -		88,739		
Less: Cash received Deemed fair value of shares received	 -		194,912 150,000		
Total sale proceeds	 -		344,912		
Loss on sale of exploration and evaluation assets	 -		(68,827)		
Total Acquisition and Exploration Costs	\$ 	\$			

Tule Valley Project, Utah and Gerlach Project, Nevada

Pursuant to a property purchase agreement dated April 20, 2016, the Company was granted the right to acquire an undivided 100% interest in 26 contiguous mineral claims totaling 4,800 acres located in Millard County, Utah known as the Tule Valley Project and a further 89 contiguous mineral claims totaling 1,780 acres located in Washoe County, Nevada known as the Gerlach Project.

As consideration for the properties, the Company is required to make the following cash payments and issue the following shares:

	PAYMENTS	SHARES
On signing of option agreement		
April 20, 2016 (cash paid, shares issued)	\$ 10,000	1,500,000
On or before June 20, 2016 (cash paid)	20,000	Nil
On or before July 20, 2016 (cash paid)	30,000	Nil
On or before April 20, 2017 (cash paid, shares issued)	100,000	<u>1,500,000</u>
	<u>\$ 160,000</u>	3,000,000

On January 26, 2017, the Company entered into an assignment agreement with Equitorial Exploration Corp., an arm's length party, to assign the Company's right, title and interest of the Tule Valley and Gerlach Projects. Under the terms of the Assignment Agreement, Equitorial paid \$150,000 plus claim staking costs of \$44,611 and issued 2,000,000 common shares upon closing at a deemed value of \$0.075 per common share (market price as at April 7, 2017, the date of closing). The Company recorded a \$68,827 loss on the sale of the property.

(formerly Umbral Energy Corp.)
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
Years Ended October 31, 2018 and 2017

(Stated in Canadian Dollars)

12. Share Capital and Reserve

a) Authorized

Unlimited number of common shares without par value

b) Issued

Year ended October 31, 2018:

The Company issued 8,559,000 common shares for the exercise of 8,559,000 stock options between \$0.065 and \$0.59 per share for total proceeds of \$1,496,360 which resulted in a transfer from share-based payment reserve to share capital of \$1,481,927. The Company issued 49,085,353 common shares for the exercise of 49,085,353 warrants at \$0.06 and \$0.10 per share for total proceeds of \$4,776,535 which resulted in a transfer from share-based payment reserve to share capital of \$223,520.

The Company issued 4,000,000 common shares in accordance with the share purchase agreement for the acquisition of an additional 25% interest in PhyeinMed Inc. upon receipt of their cultivation license. These shares have a fair value of \$380,000 (based on the closing share price on the closing date). The Company also issued 6,000,000 restricted stock units ("RSU's") to the former owner of PhyeinMed, directors and consultants which had a grant date fair value of \$1,820,000 of which \$144,806 was expensed in the prior year.

Year ended October 31, 2017:

The Company issued 13,030,000 common shares for the exercise of 13,030,000 stock options between \$0.05 and \$0.08 per share for total proceeds of \$878,500 which resulted in a transfer from share-based payment reserve to share capital of \$890,076. The Company also issued 7,702,951 common shares for the exercise of 7,702,951 warrants at \$0.06 and \$0.10 per share for total proceeds of \$482,321.

The Company issued 7,000,000 common shares in accordance with the share purchase agreement for the acquisition of an additional 25% interest in PhyeinMed Inc. The common shares had a fair value of \$665,000 measured on the acquisition date. In accordance with the purchase agreement the seller entered a voluntary escrow agreement whereby the shares would be escrowed and released as to 10% on the acquisition date and 15% on the date that is every six months thereafter.

The Company completed a non-brokered private placement of 43,700,000 units for gross proceeds of \$2,622,000. Each unit consists of one common share and one common share purchase warrant entitling the holder to purchase one additional common share at \$0.10 per share for two years. A cash finders' fee of \$90,459 was paid. The Company also issued 1,515,413 broker warrants exercisable at \$0.10 per warrant for a period of two years from closing. The broker warrants were valued at \$199,580 using a Black Scholes option pricing model using the following assumptions: dividend yield of \$nil, a risk-free interest rate of 1.24%, annualized volatility of 224% and an expected life of two years. The Company also incurred a total of \$11,499 in legal fees required to close the transaction.

(formerly Umbral Energy Corp.)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Years Ended October 31, 2018 and 2017

(Stated in Canadian Dollars)

12. Share Capital and Reserve (Continued)

c) Warrants

The following is a summary of the changes in warrants:

	NUMBER OF WARRANTS	WEIGHTED AVERAGE EXERCISE PRICE
Balance, October 31, 2016	11,845,226	0.06
Issued	45,215,413	0.10
Exercised	(7,702,951)	0.06
Balance, October 31, 2017	49,357,688	0.10
Exercised	(49,085,353)	0.10
Expired	(40,286)	0.10
Balance, October 31, 2018	232,049	\$0.08

The following table summarizes the warrants outstanding and exercisable at October 31, 2018:

NUMBER OF	EXERCISE	
WARRANTS	PRICE	EXPIRY DATE
129,089	\$0.06	December 20, 2018
102,960	\$0.10	August 30, 2019
232,049		

As at October 31, 2018, the weighted average remaining contractual life of all warrants outstanding was 0.45 years (2017 – 1.73 years).

d) Stock Options

The Company has adopted an incentive stock option plan, which provides that the Board of Directors of the Company may from time to time, in its discretion, and in accordance with the Canadian Stock Exchange requirements, grant to directors, officers, employees and technical consultants to the Company, non-transferable options to purchase common shares, provided that the number of common shares reserved for issuance will not exceed 10% of the issued and outstanding common shares of the Company. Options will be exercisable for a period to be determined by the board of Directors, but not exceeding 10 years.

In connection with the foregoing, the number of common shares reserved for issuance to any technical consultant will not exceed two percent (2%) of the issued and outstanding common shares in any twelve-month period. The number of common shares reserved for issuance to individuals providing investor relation services will not exceed two percent (2%) of issued and outstanding common shares in any twelve-month period. Further, these options must vest over twelve months with a maximum of one quarter of the options vesting in any three-month period. Options may be exercised no later than 30 days following cessation of the optionee's position with the Company, provided that if the cessation of office, directorship, or technical consulting arrangement was by reason of death, the option may be exercised within a maximum period of one year after such death, subject to the expiry date of such option.

During the year ended October 31, 2018, stock-based compensation in the amount of \$2,976,922 (2017 – \$744,971) was recognized on the issuance of stock options to directors, officers and consultants.

(formerly Umbral Energy Corp.)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Years Ended October 31, 2018 and 2017

(Stated in Canadian Dollars)

12. Share Capital and Reserve (Continued)

d) Stock Options (Continued)

The continuity of options for the years ended October 31, 2018 and 2017 is summarized below:

	NUMBER OF OPTIONS	WEIGHTED AVERAGE EXERCISE PRICE
Balance, October 31, 2016	4,765,000	\$0.08
Granted	13,280,000	0.07
Exercised	(13,030,000)	0.07
Cancelled	(1,815,000)	0.08
Balance, October 31, 2017	3,200,000	\$0.09
Granted	11,050,000	0.27
Exercised	(8,559,000)	0.14
Balance, October 31, 2018	5,691,000	\$0.32

The following table summarizes the options outstanding and exercisable at October 31, 2018:

NUMBER OF OPTIONS	EXERCISE PRICE	EXPIRY DATE
2,000,000	\$0.10	August 16, 2022
480,000	\$0.14	November 15, 2022
700,000	\$0.59	January 22, 2023
1,261,000	\$0.54	March 19, 2023
1,250,000	\$0.35	April 30, 2023
5,691,000		

As at October 31, 2018, the weighted average remaining contractual life of all options outstanding was 4.15 years (2017 – 4.53 years).

The Company uses the Black-Scholes option pricing model to estimate the fair value of the options granted using the following assumptions:

	2018	2017
Dividend yield	Nil	Nil
Annualized volatility	222 -231%	175 - 225%
Risk-free interest rate	1.63% - 2.11%	0.70% - 1.49%
Expected life	5 years	5 years

(formerly Umbral Energy Corp.)
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
Years Ended October 31, 2018 and 2017

(Stated in Canadian Dollars)

12. Share Capital and Reserve (Continued)

e) Restricted Share Units

Subject to ratification by shareholders at the Company's next annual general meeting, the Company has adopted a restricted share unit plan, which provides that the Board of Directors of the Company may from time to time, in its discretion, and in accordance with the Canadian Stock Exchange requirements, grant to directors, officers, employees and technical consultants to the Company, restricted share units ("RSU's"), provided that the number of common shares reserved will not exceed 10% of the issued and outstanding common shares of the Company. The Board of Directors of the Company will establish performance conditions for the vesting of RSU's granted based on the conditions of individual grants. RSU's will be settled as either one common share per vested RSU or a cash amount equal to the vesting date value at the discretion of the Board of Directors of the Company.

For equity-settled awards, the fair value of the RSUs is recognized as compensation expense over the period that related services are rendered with a corresponding increase in equity. The total amount expensed is recognized over the vesting period on a tranche basis, which is the period over which all the specified vesting conditions should be satisfied.

During the year ended October 31, 2017, the Company granted 4,000,000 RSU's to consultants of the Company. These RSUs had a grant-date fair value of \$380,000.

During the year ended October 31, 2018, the Company granted 2,400,000 RSU's to directors and consultants of the Company. These RSU's had a grant-date fair value of \$1,440,000. 400,000 RSU's were also forfeited in the period.

During the year ended October 31, 2018, stock-based compensation in the amount of \$1,675,194 (2017 – \$Nil) was recognized on the issuance of RSU's.

The following table summarizes continuity of restricted share units for the year ended October 31, 2018:

	Number of RSU's
Balance, October 31, 2016	
Issued	4,000,000
Balance, October 31, 2017	4,000,000
Forfeited	(400,000)
Granted	2,400,000
Exercised	(6,000,000)
Balance, October 31, 2018	

(formerly Umbral Energy Corp.)
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
Years Ended October 31, 2018 and 2017

(Stated in Canadian Dollars)

12. Share Capital and Reserve (Continued)

f) Earnings (Loss) Per Share

Basic earnings (loss) per share amounts are calculated by dividing the net income (loss) for the year by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings per share are calculated by dividing net income for the year by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding and all common shares that would be outstanding if potentially dilutive instruments were converted. The potentially dilutive stock options and share purchase warrants were not included in the Company's loss per common share calculation because the result was anti-dilutive.

	YEARS ENDED OCTOBER 2018 2017		
Issued shares at beginning of year Weighted average issuances	136,275,097 31,475,139	63,342,146 19,614,544	
Basic weighted average common shares	167,750,236	82,956,690	
	YEARS ENDED	OCTOBER 31, 2017	
Basic weighted average common shares Shares issuable for dilutive instruments:	167,750,236	82,956,690	
Options	-	653,379	
Warrants	-	98,468	
Diluted weighted average common shares	167,750,236	83,708,537	

g) Nature and Purpose of Reserve

The 'Share-based Payment Reserve' is used to recognize the fair value of stock option grants, RSU grants, and warrants prior to exercise, expiry or cancellation.

h) Share Subscriptions Receivable

During the year ended October 31, 2018, the Company received \$55,000 relating to share subscriptions receivable.

i) Shares Reserved for Issuance

During the year ended October 31, 2017, the Company entered into a Share Purchase Agreement to issue 4,000,000 common shares at a deemed price of \$0.095 per share upon final award of an Health Canada License under the Cannabis Act (Note 4). During the year ended October 31, 2018 the Company was awarded the license and the shares were issued.

(formerly Umbral Energy Corp.)
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
Years Ended October 31, 2018 and 2017

(Stated in Canadian Dollars)

13. Related Party Transactions

All related party transactions are in the normal course of operations and are measured at the exchange amount, which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties. All amounts either due from or due to related parties other than specifically disclosed are non-interest bearing, unsecured and have no fixed terms of repayments.

a) Related party transactions with directors and companies with a director in common.

	2018	2017
Management fees	\$ 200,000	\$ 115,890
Consulting fees	\$ 176,286	\$ 49,910
b) Management compensation		
	2018	2017
Short-term employee benefits	\$ 376,286	\$ 165,800
Share-based payments	\$ 1,977,577	\$ 239,831
c) Due to related parties		
	2018	2017
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 55,458	\$ -

14. Commitment

During the year ended October 31, 2018, the Company entered into a 12-month investor relations agreement with Hybrid Financial Ltd. to engage in marketing and brand awareness effective November 1, 2018. The Company is committed to pay \$14,000 per month and has granted an option to purchase 1,000,000 shares of the Company to be awarded in two instalments, 50% have been awarded subsequent to year-end (see note 19) and 50% to be awarded in April 2019. The options will be exercisable at the market price when awarded for a period of 5 years from the date of grant.

(formerly Umbral Energy Corp.)
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
Years Ended October 31, 2018 and 2017

(Stated in Canadian Dollars)

15. Non-Cash Investing and Financing Transactions

Investing and financing activities that do not have a direct impact on current cash flows are excluded from the statements of cash flows.

Year ended October 31, 2018:

\$1,481,927 was transferred from share-based payment reserves to share capital as a result of the exercise of 8,559,000 stock options.

\$223,520 was transferred from share-based payment reserves to share capital as a result of the exercise of 2,085,353 broker warrants.

\$1,820,000 was transferred from share-based payment reserves to share capital as a result of the vesting of 6,000,000 RSUs.

In accordance with the Share Purchase Agreement to acquire an additional 25% controlling interest in PhyeinMed Inc., the Company issued 4,000,000 common shares at a deemed price of \$0.095 per share upon Health Canada License receipt.

Year ended October 31, 2017:

\$890,076 was transferred from share-based payment reserves to share capital as a result of the exercise of 13,030,000 stock options.

In accordance with the Share Purchase Agreement to acquire an additional 25% controlling interest in PhyeinMed Inc., the Company issued 7,000,000 common shares with a fair value of \$665,000;

During the year ended October 31, 2017, the Company granted 4,200,000 RSU's to consultants of the Company. These RSUs had a grant-date fair value of \$380,000. Compensation expenses related to these RSUs for the year ended October 31, 2017 was \$144,806.

The Company issued 1,500,000 common shares with a fair value of \$112,500 on the date of issuance under the option agreement to acquire an interest in the Tule Valley and Gerlach Lithium properties.

These transactions have been excluded from the statement of cash flows.

(formerly Umbral Energy Corp.)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Years Ended October 31, 2018 and 2017

(Stated in Canadian Dollars)

16. Income Taxes

The Company's provision for income taxes for the years ended October 31, 2018 and 2017 differs from the amounts computed by applying the combined Canadian federal and provincial income tax rates to the loss as a result of the following:

	2018		2017
Statutory rates	27%		26%
Income tax expense (recovery) at statutory rate Non-deductible permanent differences Financing fees charged to equity Effect of rate change Income tax benefits not recognized and other	\$ (1,746,000 1,305,000 (14,000 455,000) -))	6,000 (268,000) (28,000) (49,000) 339,000
Provision for income taxes	\$	- \$	

The tax effects of temporary timing differences that give rise to significant components of the deferred tax assets were as follows:

		2018	2017
Deferred tax assets (liabilities)			
Non-capital loss carry forward	\$	1,445,000	\$ 1,014,000
Capital assets		3,000	-
Share issuance costs		17,000	23,000
Resource deductions		280,000	280,000
	<u></u>	1,745,000	1,317,000
Less: Tax assets not recognized		(1,745,000)	(1,317,000)
Net deferred income taxes	\$	-	\$ _

The Company has accumulated non-capital losses for Canadian tax purposes of approximately \$5,453,000 which may be carried forward and used to reduce taxable income in future years. The accumulated non-capital losses expire as follows:

2028	\$ 81,000
2029	148,000
2030	247,000
2031	267,000
2032	187,000
2033	422,000
2034	536,000
2035	504,000
2036	427,000
2037	935,000
2038	 1,699,000
	\$ 5,453,000

The Company has cumulative Canadian exploration and development expenses in the amount of approximately \$1,039,000, which can be carried forward indefinitely. No benefit has been recognized in respect of these amounts.

(formerly Umbral Energy Corp.)
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
Years Ended October 31, 2018 and 2017

(Stated in Canadian Dollars)

16. Income Taxes (Continued)

The Company is permitted, under Canadian income tax legislation, to renounce flow-through related resource expenditures to investors in advance of the Company incurring the expenditure. In accordance with this legislation, the Company has twelve months following the effective date of renunciation to incur the expenditures. The Company begins incurring interest charges for unspent funds after one month and fees for unspent funds at the end of the calendar year following the effective date of renunciation, and until such time as funds are fully expended.

The Company previously recognized an indemnification provision of \$69,750, as a result of not incurring sufficient qualifying expenditures on its exploration and evaluation assets relative to prior flow-through financings. As the Company has not received notice from subscribers or the Canada Revenue Agency requesting indemnification for additional taxes payable with respect to the unspent flow-through funds raised, the Company reversed the provision during the year ended October 31, 2018, recognizing a gain of \$69,750, which is included in the gain on write-off of debt.

As at October 31, 2018 the Company's accounts payable and accrued liabilities includes a liability for \$15,728 (2017 - \$15,728) in Part XII.6 taxes.

17. Financial Instruments and Risk Management

In common with all other businesses, the Company is exposed to risks that arise from its use of financial instruments. This note describes the Company's objectives, policies and processes for managing those risks and the methods used to measure them. Further quantitative information in respect of these risks is presented throughout these consolidated financial statements.

There have been no substantive changes in the Company's exposure to financial instrument risks, its objectives, policies and process for managing those risks or the methods used to measure them from previous years unless otherwise stated in this note.

a) Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices and are comprised of foreign currency risk and interest rate risk.

b) Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that a variation in exchange rates between the Canadian dollar and other foreign currencies will affect the Company's operations and financial results. The Company does not have significant exposure to foreign exchange rate fluctuation.

c) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that future cash flows will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates. Interest rate risk is limited to potential decreases on the interest rate offered on cash and cash equivalents held with chartered Canadian financial institutions. The risk that the Company will realize a loss as a result of a decline in the fair value of the cash equivalents is limited because of the short-term nature of the investments.

(formerly Umbral Energy Corp.)
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
Years Ended October 31, 2018 and 2017

(Stated in Canadian Dollars)

17. Financial Instruments and Risk Management (Continued)

d) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or a counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. Financial instruments which are potentially subject to credit risk for the Company consists primarily of cash and cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents are maintained with financial institutions of reputable credit and may be redeemed upon demand. The Company considers this risk to be minimal.

e) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. The Company's policy is to ensure that it will always have sufficient cash to allow it to meet its liabilities when they become due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation. The key to success in managing liquidity is the degree of certainty in the cash flow projections.

If future cash flows are fairly uncertain, the liquidity risk increases. The Company manages liquidity risk through the management of its capital structure. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities and promissory notes are due within the current operating year.

As at October 31, 2018, the Company had working capital of \$1,080,886 (2017 – \$1,496,938). The Company does not currently operate any producing properties and as such, may be dependent upon issuance of new equity to advance its exploration properties. If equity financing is required, failure to obtain financing on a timely basis may cause the Company to postpone exploration plans, reduce or terminate its operations.

Determination of Fair Value:

Fair values have been determined for measurement and/or disclosure purposes based on the following methods. When applicable, further information about the assumptions made in determining fair values is disclosed in the notes specific to that asset or liability. The financial position carrying amounts for cash and cash equivalents, amounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities and promissory notes payable approximate fair value due to their short-term nature. Due to the use of subjective judgments and uncertainties in the determination of fair values these values should not be interpreted as being realizable in an immediate settlement of the financial instruments.

Fair Value Hierarchy:

Financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value are grouped in Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable:

- Level 1 Applies to assets or liabilities for which there are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Applies to assets or liabilities for which there are inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets or indirectly such as quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in markets with insufficient volume or infrequent transactions.
- Level 3 Applies to assets or liabilities for which there are unobservable market data.

(formerly Umbral Energy Corp.)
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
Years Ended October 31, 2018 and 2017

(Stated in Canadian Dollars)

17. Financial Instruments and Risk Management (Continued)

The Company's financial instruments are classified into the following categories:

			October 31, 2017			October 31, 2016			
	Level	Carrying Value		Fair Value		Carrying Value		Fair Value	
Cash	1	\$ 1,174,600	\$	1,174,600	\$	1,647,781	\$	1,647,781	
Marketable securities	1	\$ -	\$	-	\$	97,500	\$	97,500	

18. Management of Capital Risk

The Company manages its cash and cash equivalents, common shares, stock options and share purchase warrants as capital. The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to pursue the development of its exploration and evaluation assets and to maintain a flexible capital structure which optimizes the costs of capital at an acceptable risk.

The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may attempt to issue new shares, issue new debt, acquire or dispose of assets or adjust the amount of cash and cash equivalents.

In order to facilitate the management of its capital requirements, the Company prepares annual expenditure budgets that are updated as necessary depending on various factors, including successful capital deployment and general industry conditions. The annual and updated budgets are approved by the Board of Directors.

In order to maximize ongoing development efforts, the Company does not pay out dividends. The Company's investment policy is to invest its short-term excess cash in highly liquid short-term interest-bearing investments with maturities 90 days or less from the original date of acquisition, selected with regards to the expected timing of expenditures from continuing operations.

Management considers its approach to capital management approach to be appropriate given the relative size of the Company. There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the period. The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

Heritage Cannabis Holdings Corp. (formerly Umbral Energy Corp.) Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements Years Ended October 31, 2018 and 2017 (Stated in Canadian Dollars)

19. Subsequent Events

Subsequent to October 31, 2018, the Company:

- Issued 33,000,000 Special Warrants at a price of \$0.25 per Special Warrant for gross proceeds of \$7,500,000. Each Special Warrant entitles the holder to receive, without additional payment, one Unit of the Company. Each Unit of the Company is comprised of one common share and one common share purchase warrant. Each warrant entitles the holder to purchase one common share at an exercise price of \$0.35 until the earlier of May 7, 2021 or the date specified in the warrant acceleration notice. In consideration for completion of the financing, the Company paid a cash commission of \$387,825 and issued 1,551,300 broker warrants. Each broker warrant is exercisable into one Unit at an exercise price of \$0.25 for a period of 30 months from the date of closing.
- Acquired 100% of the issued and outstanding shares of Cannacure Corporation ("Cannacure"), a
 private Ontario corporation holding a license under the Cannabis Act Regulations. Under the terms
 of the purchase agreement shareholders of Cannacure received 133,333,326 common shares of
 the Company at a deemed price of \$0.30. The Company also issued 4,000,000 common shares
 to an arms-length third party at a deemed price of \$0.30 as an advisory fee.
- Acquired 100% of the issued and outstanding shares of Purefarma Solutions Inc. ("Purefarma"). Under the terms of this arms-length agreement, shareholders of Purfarma received 33,333,333 common shares of Heritage at a deemed price of \$0.195 per share. Additionally, shareholders of Purefarma have a potential to earn an additional 16,000,000 common shares of the Company subject to an earn-out based upon certain gross margin milestones achieved on an annual basis over the next four years. In addition, Purefarma will receive certain royalties for years ended 2019 through 2022 on a diminishing basis, based upon achieving certain gross margin milestones. The Company also issued 1,200,000 common shares to an arms-length third party at a deemed price of \$0.195 as an advisory fee.
- Issued 129,375 common shares for the exercise of 129,375 warrants at \$0.06 per share for total proceeds of \$7,763 which resulted in a transfer from share-based payment reserve to share capital of \$852.
- Granted 5,500,000 incentive options to directors, officers, employees and consultants. The options are exercisable at \$0.34 per common share and will expire February 8, 2024.